





Blue-flame Detectors

QRC1...

Blue-flame detectors for the supervision of blue- or yellow-burning oil or gas flames.

Blue-flame detectors are used primarily in connection with burner controls for burners of small capacity in intermittent operation.

The QRC1... and this data sheet are intended for use by OEMs which integrate the flame detectors in their products!

The QRC1... is a compact UV-sensitive blue-flame detector with an integrated preamplifier.

It is designed for frontal and lateral (90°) illumination.

This type of flame detector is suited for use with burner controls LOA2... (except LOA25...), LOA3..., LOA44..., LMOx4..., LGB3..., LAL1... and LAL4... and, in terms of plug-in facility, is compatible with the photoresistive detectors QRB1....

The spectral sensitivity of the QRC1... is a maximum of approximately 300 nm, which means that it optimally covers the range of UV radiation of blue-burning oil or gas flames.

Since the QRC1... is also capable of detecting UV fractions of the radiation spectrum of other luminous sources (e.g. boiler house illumination or sunlight), the usual regulations for extraneous light still apply.

The QRC1... may not detect UV radiation of ignition sparks, as otherwise lockout will already occur during the pre-purge time, due to extraneous light.

Siemens Building Technologies Landis & Staefa Division

Warning notes



To avoid injury to persons, damage to property or the environment, the following warning notes should be observed!

It is not permitted to open, interfere with or modify the flame detector!

- Before performing any wiring changes in the connection area of the QRC1..., the burner control must be completely isolated from the mains supply
- Ensure protection against electric shock hazard through appropriate mounting
- Check wiring and all safety functions prior to commissioning

Mounting notes

- The relevant national safety regulations must be complied with
- Locate the ignition electrode such that the QRC1... cannot detect ignition sparks
- Fit the flame detector with the help of a plug already inserted in a hole on the burner.
 - For hole on the burner, refer to «Dimensions».

The securing and sealing lips of the plug give the QRC1... a firm hold in the hole, even in the case of vibrations, also allowing the detector to be removed for maintenance work

- The QRC1... must be located such that it can detect the most radiation-active zone of the flame
- For the precise adjustment of the distance between the most radiation-active range of the flame and the converging lens of the UV-sensitive diode, the QRC1... can be displaced in its plug by about 10 mm in both longitudinal directions «S» (refer to «Dimensions»)

Installation notes

- Installation and commissioning work may only be carried out by qualified staff
- Observe the permissible length of the detector cable (refer to «Technical data»)
- Always run detector cables separate while observing the greatest possible distances from other cables and units

Service notes

- When cleaning the flame detector, always use a clean cloth
- Do not use any burner cleansing sprays

The detector's housing is made of black plastic and has a displaceable plug with stops.
The three-core connecting cable is firmly connected to the QRC1... and features tension relief.
The front of the detector has a protective glass to ensure protection against accidental

QRC1... with mirrorIn the case of burner designs that do not allow the QRC1... to be illuminated from the
front, the detector is also available with a mirror attachment for lateral illumination.

contact and dust.

Type summary

Type code



Standard types

Type reference	Frontal illumina- tion	Lateral illumina- tion	Level of sensitivity
QRC1A1.101C27	x		1
QRC1A1.103C27	х		1
QRC1A2.101C27	х		2
QRC1A2.103C27	x		2
QRC1A2.104C27	х		2
QRC1A3.101C27	х		3
QRC1C2.103C27		X	2

Ordering

When ordering, please give type reference according to «Standard types» or «Type summary».

Technical data

General detector data	Mains voltage	AC 230 V –15 / +10 %
	Mains frequency	5060 Hz ±6 %
	Power consumption	0.35 VA
	Tolerated flame signal interruptions	approx. 300 ms
	Length of connecting cable	max. 1 m
	Length of auxiliary detector cable	max. 20 m
		(only in case of separate cable runs, refer
		to «Max. detector cable length»)
	Degree of protection	IP 40
	Safety class	II
	Vibrations to IEC 68-2-6	max. 1 g, 10500 Hz
	Weight incl. cable 350 mm	approx. 0.029 kg
	Mounting orientation	optional
Norms and standards	Environmental conditions	
	Transport	IEC 721-3-2
		IEC 721-3-2
	Climatic conditions	class 2K2
	Climatic conditions Temperature range	class 2K2 -25+80 °C
	Climatic conditions Temperature range Humidity	class 2K2 -25+80 °C < 95 % r.h.
	Climatic conditions Temperature range Humidity Operation	class 2K2 -25+80 °C < 95 % r.h. IEC 721-3-3
	Climatic conditions Temperature range Humidity Operation Climatic conditions	class 2K2 -25+80 °C < 95 % r.h. IEC 721-3-3 class 3K5
	Climatic conditions Temperature range Humidity Operation Climatic conditions Mechanical conditions	class 2K2 -25+80 °C < 95 % r.h. IEC 721-3-3 class 3K5 class 3M1
	Climatic conditions Temperature range Humidity Operation Climatic conditions Mechanical conditions Temperature range	class 2K2 -25+80 °C < 95 % r.h. IEC 721-3-3 class 3K5 class 3M1 -20+60 °C
	Climatic conditions Temperature range Humidity Operation Climatic conditions Mechanical conditions Temperature range	class 2K2 -25+80 °C < 95 % r.h. IEC 721-3-3 class 3K5 class 3M1 -20+60 °C short-time (max. 1 min) up to 75 °C

Detector current at AC 230 V

Type of burner control	Min. detector current required	Max. permissible detector current
	During operation (typically)	Without flame (dark current)
LMO	70 µA	5.5 µA
LOA2, LOA3	70 µA	5.5 µA
LOA44	58 µA	5.5 µA
LGB3	50 µA	5.5 µA
LAL1, LAL4	80 µA	12 µA

In the case of maximum illumination, the QRC1... of the C-series deliver a lower maximum saturation current than the QRC1... of the B-series.

This has no impact on the sensitivity or function of the QRC1...

Decisive is the minimum detector current required and specified for the type of burner control used (refer to the table above).

The QRC1... consists of a special UV-sensitive diode with a quartz glass lens which concentrates the flame's radiation on the active part of the diode. Using a filter, fractions of radiation of longer wave length are eliminated. A pre-amplifier is used to amplify the signal of the diode to the level required for the flame signal amplifier of the respective burner control.

Flame signal interruptions of short duration are tolerated (refer to «Technical data» under «Tolerated flame signal interruptions»), thus ensuring more stable detector currents and more stable operation of the burner in the event of strongly flickering flames.

Maximum detector cable length

If the maximum connecting cable length of 1 m is not sufficient, the burner manufacturer can extend the cable by a maximum of 20 m.

In that case, the following rule must be observed when laying the cable: To minimize the coupling capacitances of the detector signal lines to the live conductor, live conductor «L» (brown core) must be laid separately or separately from the detector signal line.



Legend

- Z Auxiliary cable
- bl Blue core = neutral «N»
- br Brown core = live «L» sw Black core = signal line

Spectral curves



Measurement of detector current

For the detector currents required, refer to «Technical data» under «Detector current».



Connection examples

For normal operation, remove the measuring unit from the detector current measurement circuit.

Dimensions



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